

# National **MCH** Workforce Development Center

Advancing Health Reform Implementation

# Definitions and tools to help diverse teams understand how to approach system strengthening

Kristen Hassmiller Lich

Systems Integration Core Lead at the National Maternal and Child Health Workforce Development Center

Assistant Professor, Gillings School of Global Public Health at UNC-CH



"The solutions we have come to expect in the social sector often involve discrete programs that address a social problem through a carefully worked out theory of change, relying on incremental resources from funders, and ideally supported by an evaluation that attributes to the program the impact achieved."

> Kania and Kramer. "Embracing Emergence: How Collective Impact Addresses Complexity." SSIR 2013

# Traditional approaches are not solving our most complex social problems

- · Funders select individual grantees
- Organizations work separately and compete
- Corporate and government sectors are often disconnected from foundations and non-profits
- Evaluation attempts to isolate a particular organization's impact
- Large scale change is assumed to depend on scaling organizations

#### **Isolated Impact**





National MCH Workforce Development Center Web of factors crossing

# socio-ecological levels

Youth/Young adult	Family	Community	State	National
Personality characteristics	Financial security	Access to supportive services in the community	Medicaid expansion	Essential services (health insurance)
Physiology	Foster care versus living with parent(s)	Cultural appropriateness of community services	Level of mental health stigma	Federal program eligibility guidelines
Experience of trauma?	Role models/social support present	Educational opportunities	Appreciation for youth culture	Educational mandates
Race and Place	Support youth's transition to independence?	Employment opportunities	Age at which youth are tried as adults in courts	Public health resources given to states

#### The result...









# So how can we lead meaningful systems strengthening work?





#### System:

# a collection of parts that interact with each other to form an interdependent whole





# Characteristics of Systems

National MCH Work Development Cente

- "Systems have **specific purposes**...
- A system's parts must all be present for the system to carry out its purpose optimally
- A system's parts must be arranged in a certain way for the system to carry out its purpose
- Systems maintain their stability through fluctuation and adjustments
- Systems have feedback"

Source: Anderson and Johnson. Systems Thinking: From Concepts to Causal Loops. Pp. 3-4.

# Defining "complex"



 There is a difference between detail complexity (the watch) and dynamic complexity (the family)





# **Detail Complexity**



- Systems with a large number of parts
- May not change much over time
- Difficult to understand as a whole



National **MCH** Workforce Development Center

Dynamic complexity leads to counterintuitive behavior because:

- -Things change over time
- Lag time between cause and effect
- -Nonlinear relationships
- Feedback loops









more legislation increasing the increased lack of trust in negative consequences for women medical establishment by who give birth to substance-exposed substance-addicted women infants increasing number of fewer women receiving infants born treatment for their substance-exposed addiction















- Low tar and low nicotine cigarettes actually **increase** intake of carcinogens, CO, etc.
- Paving dirt roads in mountain areas leads to decrease in safety
- Fourth highest cause of death in U.S. is medical treatments
- Despite widespread use of labor-saving devices, Americans have less leisure today than 50 years ago
- US policy of fire suppression has increased the size and strength forest fires in many areas
- Road building programs designed to reduce congestion have increased traffic, delays, and pollution.

Without systems thinking, we are often the source of our own problems





# Imagine a different approach – multiple players working together to solve complex issues

REIMAGINING SOCIAL CHANGE

#### **Collective Impact**



- Understand that social problems and their solutions – arise from interaction of many organizations within larger system
- Cross-sector alignment with government, non-profit, philanthropic and corporate sectors as partners
- Organizations actively coordinating their action and sharing lessons learned
- All working toward the same goal and measuring the same things



Many Agendas

Many Different Measurements

Independent Activities

Sporadic Communication

Many funders, Thin infrastructure Our approach:

**Collaboration** best practices

Systematic and practical systems thinking methods

**CoP and Social Learning** 

Principled and intentional stakeholder engagement





# Successful leaders in complexity are defined by their quality of **inquiry**, and not their quality of decisiveness.

Kania J and Kramer M. "Embracing Emergence: How Collective Impact Addresses Complexity." *Stanford Social Innovation Review* Jan 21, 2013





# Are they routine or adaptive challenges?

#### Routine/technical Problems

- Easily defined
- An obvious, proven solution
- Often an expert on whom we can call to solve the problem for us

There is, in other words, a routine for dealing with the problem.

#### **Adaptive Challenges**

- Often hard to define
- No clear solution, and different people hold different views about its source
- No expert who can solve the problem for us

They are fundamentally different.



### **Adaptive Leaders**:

- Recognize and then work to frame adaptive questions
- Convene a group of the relevant stakeholders
- Resist when stakeholders substitute technical fixes
- Create/hold space for problem-solving
- Cook the conflict "embrace disequilibrium"

# **Adaptive Actions**





Influence decisions



Educate others

1	$\cap$	
1		
0	0	
	0	0

Strategically plan under uncertainty



Stay abreast of new information that emerges



Create new partnerships

CB	

Build capacity: workforce, information technology, and care coordination



# Is the focus more on service delivery or system improvement?

# Improving service delivery

- Troubleshooting
  challenging cases
- Improving our referral-to-firstcontact process
- Hiring the most qualified staff

I want to help my staff improve the lives of families.

### Spreading improved service delivery

- Training front-line staff in cultural humility and equipping them to provide culturally appropriate care
- Documenting and disseminating best practices; knowing how to replicate with fidelity

I want to empower my organization to help families.

#### Improving systems

- Improving transitions and collaboration across programs
- Realizing service delivery can only go so far unless we address \_\_\_\_\_, and then doing something about it

Target for change	Improved service delivery	Spreading imp. service delivery	Improving systems (System-level change)
Youth & families are disconnected from community resources	Work with youth & families one at a time to help them identify supports and make connections	Your program inventories relevant resources and gives a list to youth & families	Co-locate youth- serving agencies; community-wide relationship building across programs/orgs
It can be hard for providers to connect, meaningfully, with youth & families	Encourage your caring, persistent, front-line workers/service providers not to give up!	Programs find and implement (or develop) best practices & coach their providers	Ongoing cross-program training on relationship building and cultural competence for youth- and family-serving agencies
Youth & families don't have access to healthy food	Work on what you can, help youth & families work (slowly) toward solutions, put out fires	Programs learn where to turn in emergencies and develop relationships	Coalition develops business case and advocates for addressing food deserts & improved food in schools



How do we develop infrastructure and technical assistance to identify and spread best practices across local community collaboratives in NC? How do we identify and address local priorities efficiently?

# Improving service delivery

- Troubleshooting challenging cases
- Improving our referral-te first contact
- Hiring th qualified staff

I want to help my staff improve the lives of families.

### Spreading improved service delivery

 Training front-line staff in cultural humility and equipping them to provide culturally appropriate care
 Documenting and disseminating best practices

I want to empower my organization to help families.

#### Improving systems

- Improving transitions and collaboration across programs
- Realizing service delivery can only go so far unless we address \_\_\_\_\_\_, and then doing something about it



- Listen to YIT and families what do they need, what sources of resilience could we support, what are some home grown successes we can spread (positive deviance)?
- Listen to your front-line staff what do they need?
- Are there evidence-based practices?
- What resources are available? (Think creatively!)
- Prioritization, problem solving, work plan development and completion, learning and repeat...
  - Lots of ways to do this (needs assessments, interviews, storytelling, System Support Mapping)



# How do we improve systems supporting YIT?

# Improving service delivery

- Troubleshooting challenging cases
- Improving our referral-to-firstcontact process
- Hiring the most qualified staff

I want to help my staff improve the lives of families.

# Spreading improved service delivery

- Training front-line staff in cultural humility and equipping them to provide cu appropria
- Documenting and disseminating best practices

I want to empower my organization to help families. Improving systems

Improving transitions and collaboration across programs Realizing service delivery can only go so far unless we address \_\_\_\_\_\_, and then doing something about it

## Improving systems



- Listen to YIT and families what do they need, what sources of resilience could we support, what are some home grown successes we can spread (positive deviance)?
- Listen to your front-line staff what do they need?
- Are there evidence-based practices?
- What resources are available? (Think creatively!)
- Convene, motivate, and empower a team of stakeholders who could help make meaningful change.
- Prioritization, problem solving, work plan development and completion, learning and repeat...





# National **MCH** Workforce Development Center

Advancing Health Reform Implementation

# Our Vision: The possibility for this COP



Many Agendas

Many Different Measurements

Independent Activities

Sporadic Communication

Many funders, Thin infrastructure \*Convene key players \*Identify responsibilities, needs, supportive resources, & wishes \*Identify gaps, inefficiencies, &

System mapping

opportunities for collaboration

\*Understand incentives and constraints (e.g., for partner funding) \*Agree on best measures

\*Engage stakeholders in brainstorming & action planning \*Make sure benefits outweigh any negative unintended consequences

\*<u>Ongoing</u> mapping & modeling Build shared understanding Build shared language

\*Define infrastructure needs \*Create system-wide business case for action





# Is the focus more on service delivery or system improvement?

# Improving service delivery

- Troubleshooting challenging cases
- Improving our referral-to-firstcontact process
- Hiring the most qualified staff

I want to help my staff improve the lives of families.

### Spreading improved service delivery

- Training front-line staff in cultural humility and equipping them to provide culturally appropriate care
- Documenting and disseminating best practices; knowing how to replicate with fidelity

I want to empower my organization to help families.

#### Improving systems

- Improving transitions and collaboration across programs
- Realizing service delivery can only go so far unless we address \_\_\_\_\_, and then doing something about it










Advancing Health Reform Implementation

#### TOOL: The 5 R's Framework

Source: USAID report http://www.usaid.gov/policy/local-systems-framework



- Identify additional, and hopefully "higher leverage," interventions to test
- Better understanding of the broader system can help decision makers see otherwise unanticipated consequences of solutions



## ROLES RELATIONSHIPS RESOURCES RULES RESULTS



#### How can we clarify our definition, purpose, desired outcome and target population for care coordination for transition age youth?





#### What are the important results that will help us understand how this system is functioning?

Results		
Actual	Desired (Shared)	
<ul> <li>SDAC Analytics</li> <li>RCCO Care Coordination Report</li> <li>HCP evaluation plan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Systems map of care coordination for CYSHCN population</li> <li>Stronger data analytics capacity for healthy communities</li> </ul>	



# Who are the stakeholders involved in the local system that is shaping these results?

Roles		
Who affects your problem?		
Actual (Shared)	Desired (Shared)	
RCCO regions 3 and 5	Strong understanding of roles and	
<ul> <li>Tri-County Health Dept and City</li> </ul>	responsibilities for each of the	
Public Health	identified care coordination	
School districts	programs	
Who is affected by your problem?		
Actual (Shared)	Desired (Shared)	
CYSHCN Medicaid members and	•	
their families		
Primary health care providers		



# What are the important relationships between stakeholders?

Relationships		
Actual	Desired (Shared)	
<ul><li>Care coordinators</li><li>Provider support</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Standard care coordination roles and referral processes reflected through formal and informal relationships</li> </ul>	



# What are the resources available to your local system?

Resources		
Actua	1	Desired (Shared)
•	MCH Block Grant supporting HCP	Real time member data
•	State General Fund supporting	<ul> <li>Increased number of child</li> </ul>
	НСР	psychiatrists and specialists



# What are the rules governing what happens in the local system?

Rules		
Actual	Desired (Shared)	
<ul> <li>Diagnosis driven treatment</li> <li>Guardianship requirements</li> <li>Medical home legislation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Standard, shared care coordination roles and referral processes represented in rules, regulations, program guidelines, etc.</li> </ul>	



Advancing Health Reform Implementation

#### TOOL: System Support Maps



### System support maps offer a guided approach to help stakeholders think about and document a system from their perspective.

### System Support Map







- Learning and discussion among stakeholders to appreciate how pieces of the system fit together and grow understanding and empathy for what others are wrestling with and working on.
- **Brainstorming actions** that individuals can put into practice right away to improve broader systems, take back to their organization/agency, collaborate on with others "at the table", or that the cross-sector collaboration could work on together
- Integrating maps can help a collaboration define key responsibilities of the broader system, identify shared responsibilities, potential duplication and gaps
- All of this can underpin more effective **strategic planning** and collaboration



Advancing Health Reform Implementation

#### TOOL: Causal loop diagramming







Advancing Health Reform Implementation

#### FOR DISCUSSION....



- –Endorsement from the State Collaborative for CoP-YEYA to move forward
- –How do we secure adequate resources to support this work?
- Potential for synergy across State
   Collaborative workgroups



### **THANK YOU!**

klich@unc.edu

http://mchwdc.unc.edu/